

Mwenyekiti wa Tume ya Madini nchini, Prof. Idris Kikula (kushoto), akipata maelezo kutoka kwa Meneja wa mgodi wa dhahabu wa StamiGold, Mhandisi Gilay Shamika (kulia), alipotembelea maonyesho ya biashara na teknolojia ya madini, mjini Shinyanga, jana.
PICHA: MARCO MADUHU

NBS yaokoa bil. 2/- sensa ya mifugo, uvuvi, kilimo

Na Richard Makore, MWANZA

SERIKALI kupitia Ofisi ya Taifa ya Takwimu (NBS), imeokoa Sh. bilioni tano ambazo zingetumika kufanya sensa katika sekta ya mifugo, uvuvi na kilimo iliyofanyika kati ya mwezi Agosti hadi Novemba, mwaka huu.

Kauli hiyo ilitolewa jana jijini hapa na Mtakwimu Mkoo wa Serikali kutoka Ofisi ya Takwimu ya Taifa, Dk. Albina Chuwa, alipozungumza na waandishi wa habari wakati akitoa matokeo ya sensa ya mwaka 2019/2020.

Dk. Chuwa alisema sensa katika sekta hizo mara ya mwisho iliyofanyika mwaka 2007/2008 na ilitumia Sh. bilioni 10, mwaka huu fedha hizo zimepungua kutokana na kuwapo teknolojia ya kisasa.

Alisema mwaka 2007/2008 kazi hiyo ilitumia muda wa miaka mitatu, ili kuakamilisha na kupata matokeo, mwaka huu wataalamu wametumia miezi miwili na nusu kukamilisha kazi yote.

Kwa mujibu wa Sheria ya Takwimu sura 351, Ofisi ya Taifa ya Takwimu imepewa mamlaka ya kuratibu na kusimamia takwimu zote rasmi za serikali kwa kushiriki-

ana na Ofisi ya Mtakwimu Mkoo wa Serikali ya Zanzibar.

Alisema sekta ya kilimo ina mchango mkubwa katika uchumi na maendeleo Barani Afrika na ni chanzo kikuu cha chakula kwa watu zaidi ya milioni 950 wanaoishi katika nchi zilizo Kusini mwa Jangwa la Sahara.

Alisema kuwa takwimu za Benki ya Dunia (WB), mchango wa sekta ya kilimo katika pato la taifa kwa nchi za Afrika ni asilimia 15.

Dk. Chuwa alisema nchi ya Afrika Kusini, ndiyo yenye mchango mkubwa zaidi wa sekta ya kilimo katika pato la taifa kwa asilimia 50.

Kwa upande wa Tanzania, Dk. Chuwa alisema, baadhi ya manufaa ya sekta ya kilimo ni pamoja na kutoa mchango kwa wastani wa asilimia 27.5, chanzo kikuu cha ajira kwa kuajiri zaidi ya asilimia 65 ya nguvukazi na chanzo kikuu cha fedha za kigeni kwa kuingiza wastani wa asilimia 24.7 ya fedha zitokanazo na uuzaji wa bidhaa nje ya nchi.

Alifafanua kuwa sensa hii ni ya tano tangu Tanzania ipate uhuru na kwamba lengo ni kutoa takwimu sahihi na kwa wakati za kilimo, mifugo na ufugaji wa samaki,

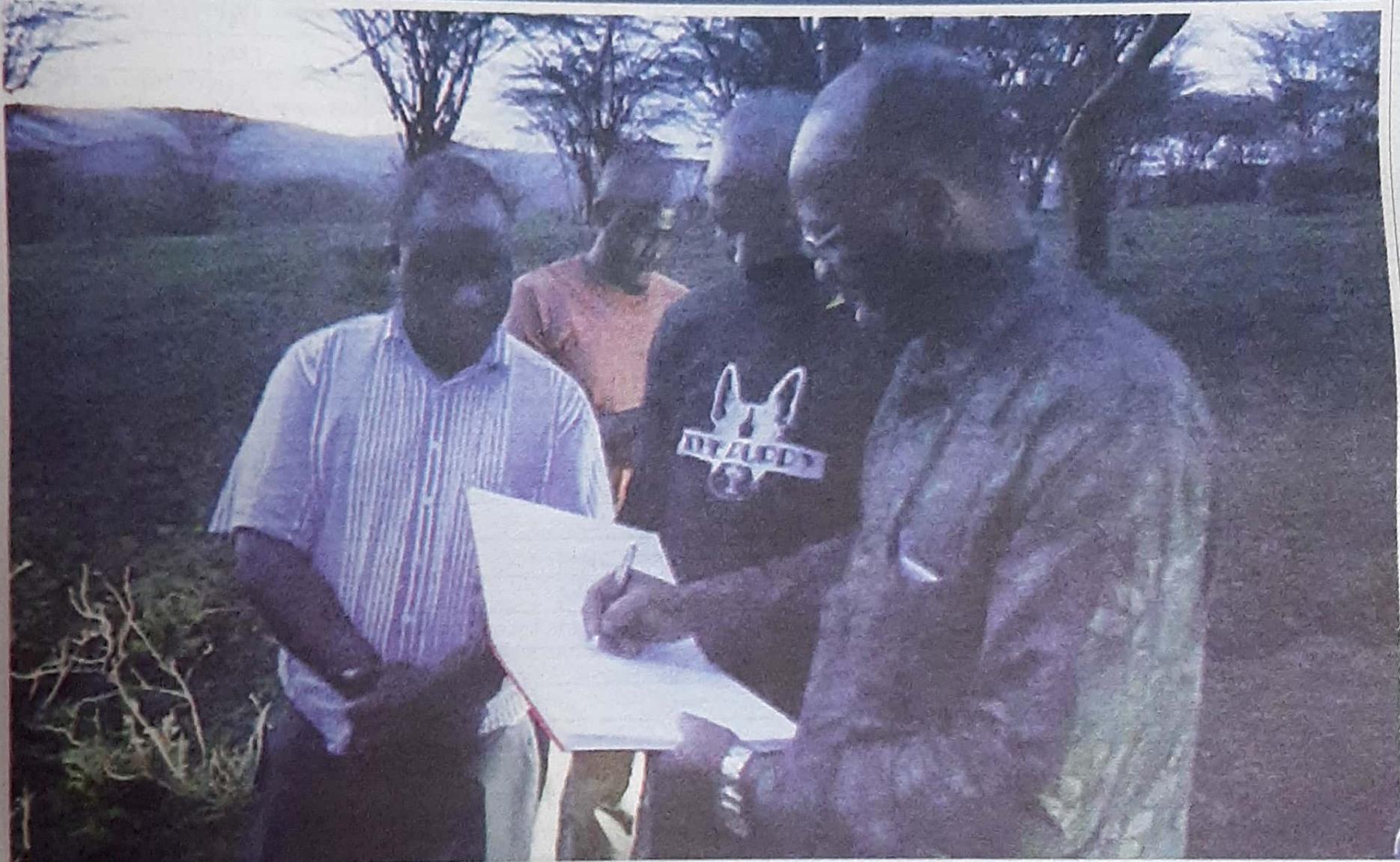
ambazo zitakuwa msingi wa kupanga, kufuatilia na kutathmini mipango ya kilimo pamoja na kutayarisha sera.

Matokeo ya sensa ya kilimo, mifugo na uvuvi ya mwaka 2019/20 yanaonyesha kuwa, kaya milioni 7.8 sawa na asilimia 65.3 ya kaya zote nchini, zinajihusisha na shughuli za kilimo, kati ya hizo, milioni 7.7 kutoka Tanzania Bara na 180,219 ni kutoka Zanzibar.

Asilimia 65 ya kaya hizo, zinajihusisha na shughuli za kilimo cha mazao pekee, wakati asilimia 33 za kilimo na mifugo, na mbili ni ufugaji.

Matokeo ya sensa pia yanaonyesha kuwa, tani milioni 9.1 za mazao makuu ya chakula kwa upande wa nafaka zilizalishwa, mahindi yalikuwa tani milioni 5.7 sawa na asilimia 62.5 ya nafaka, ikifuatiwa na mpunga tani milioni 2.9 sawa na asilimia 32.1, mtama tani 488,724 sawa na asilimia 5.4.

Alisema sensa ya sekta hizo ya mwaka 2007/2008 ilionyesha kuwa uzalishaji wa mahindi ulikuwa tani milioni 5.4, mpunga 1.4 na mtama 552,354. Sawa na ongezeko la mahindi kwa asilimia 4.1, mpunga zaidi ya asilimia 100 na mtama umepungua kwa asilimia 11.5.



Katibu Mkuu Wizara ya Mifugo na Uvuvi anayeshughulikia mifugo, Profesa Elisante Ole Gabriel akisaini kitabu cha wageni cha Halmashauri ya Wilaya ya Monduli mkoani Arusha akiwa katika eneo lililopo Bwawa la Elwaniolera kabla ya kutembelea bwawa hilo, linalohudumia zaidi ya wafugaji 2,000 kwa ajili ya kunyweshea mifugo yao maji katika Vijiji vya Eluwai, Emairete na Enguiki vilivypo Kata ya Monduli Juu. (Na Mpigapicha Wetu)

TZ remains second in livestock count

From ABELA MSIKULA
in Mwanza

TANZANIA has clung on to the second slot country in terms of largest livestock population in the African continent, show newly released statistics.

The new livestock data released by the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) in Mwanza yesterday showed that Tanzania boasts an estimated total of 33.9 million cattle with Ethiopia leading with 60.39 million cattle.

Cognisant of its livestock richness, the government of Tanzania has turned its focus on improving the sector by expanding the market for meat, skin and hides in and outside its borders.

Contained in the National Bureau of Statistics (NBS) Preliminary Report on Agriculture, Livestock and Fisheries Census for 2019/2020, the new data also highlight the number of other livestock such as sheep and goats as well as crop production.

NBS Director General, Dr Albina Chuwa said that researchers/statisticians also found small farmers having 24.5 million goats while large-scale farmers



In the survey conducted, peasants were found with 8.5 million sheeps while large-scale farmers had 24.2 million. Again, peasants were found with 3.2 million pigs while large-scale farmers had 5.2 million

had 33,347 million.

"In the survey conducted, peasants were found with 8.5 million sheeps while large-scale farmers had 24.236 million. Again, peasants were found with 3.2 million pigs while large-scale farmers had 5.153 million," she said.

In the survey, it was also established that the country had a total of 87.7 million chickens out of which 75.1 million were possessed by small holder farmers

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